

Laboratory for Acoustics



Determination of the sound insulation of a ventilation grill type 448-225, manufacturer Renson





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Principal Renson Ventilation nv

Maalbeekstraat (Industriezone 2 Vijverdam) 10

B-8790 WAREGEM

Belgium

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Representative R.T. Allan

Author ing. J.W.J. van Bavel

+31858228670

j.vanbavel@peutz.nl

peutz bv, postbus 66, 6585 zh mook, +31 85 822 86 00, info@peutz.nl, www.peutz.nl All orders are accepted and executed according to 'De Nieuwe Regeling 2011' (The New Rules) BTW NL004933837B01 KvK: 12028033

 $mook-zoetermeer-groningen-eindhoven-d\"{u}sseldorf-dortmund-berlijn-n\"{u}rnberg-leuven-parijs-lyon$



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1 Introduction

At the request of Renson Ventilation nv in Waregem (Belgium) sound insulation measurements have been carried out on a;

ventilation grill type 448-225 manufacturer Renson

The measurements were performed in the Laboratory for Acoustics of Peutz bv, situated at Lindenlaan 41, 6584 AC in Molenhoek (the Netherlands). See Appendix 2 for a plan of the laboratory.





2 Standards and guidelines

The measurements have been carried out according to the Quality Manual of the Laboratory for Acoustics as well as:

EN ISO 10140-1:2021	Acoustics - Laboratory measurements of sound insulation of building elements – Part 1: Application rules for specific products
EN ISO 10140-2:2021 ¹	Acoustics - Laboratory measurements of sound insulation of building elements – Part 2: Measurement of airborne sound insulation
EN ISO 10140-4:2021	Acoustics - Laboratory measurements of sound insulation of building elements – Part 4: Measurement procedures and requirements
EN ISO 10140-5:2021	Acoustics - Laboratory measurements of sound insulation of building elements – Part 5: Requirements for test facilities and equipment
EN ISO 12999-1:2020	Acoustics – Determination and application of measurement uncertainties in building acoustics – Part 1: Sound insulation (ISO 12999-1:2020)
EN ISO 717-1:2020 ¹	Acoustics - Rating of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements - Part 1: Airborne sound insulation



For these type of measurements the Laboratory for Acoustics has been accredited by the Dutch Accreditation Council (RvA).

The RvA is member of the EA MLA (**EA MLA**: **Eu**ropean **A**ccreditation Organisation **Mul**ti**L**ateral **A**greement: http://www.european-accreditation.org).

EA: "Certificates and reports issued by bodies accredited by MLA and MRA members are considered to have the same degree of credibility, and are accepted in MLA and MRA countries."



3 Tested ventilation grill

The following data have been provided by the principal, supplemented by observations in the laboratory where applicable.

The following ventilation grill is tested (for drawing see appendix 4):

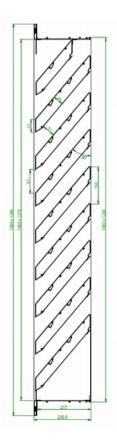
type: **448-250**

manufacturer: Renson

dimensions (width x height x depth): 1230 x 1480 x 230 mm

distance between slats: 150 mm
minimum opening between slats: 51 mm
lenght slats: 1215,4 mm

number of slats: 9



The results as presented here relate only to the tested items and laboratory conditions as described in this report. The laboratory can make no judgement about the representativity of the tested samples. The test report ahead is valid as long as the tested constructions and/or materials are unchanged.



4 Measurements

4.1 Mesurement set-up and method

The grill to be tested is built in the test opening C (dimensions W x H = $1500 \times 1250 \text{ mm}$) between testing rooms 2 and 3.

The tests were conducted in accordance with the provisions of the test method ISO 10140-2 in the Laboratory for Acoustics of Peutz bv in Mook. A detailed description of the test set up has been given in appendix 2 of this report.

The construction to be tested is placed into a test opening between two measuring rooms. In one of the rooms (the so-called sending room) loudspeakers generate broadband noise.

In this sending room as well as in the adjacent room (the "receiving room") the resulting sound pressure level is measured by means of a continuous rotating boom, so the (time- and space-) averaged sound pressure level is determined.

The reverberation time of the receiving room is also measured.

The instruments and the method used meet the requirements of ISO 10140-5.

As allowed by the test method the test procedure is repeated reversing the sending and receiving rooms. The reported value of each sound insulation is the arithmetic average of the two results.

In ISO 10140-2 the airborne sound insulation of an object is defined as the "sound reduction index R" to be evaluated according to formula 4.1 and expressed in dB:

$$R = L_1 - L_2 + 10 lg\left(\frac{S}{A}\right)$$
 (4.1)

in which:

$$L_1$$
 = sound pressure level in the sending room [dB]

$$L_2$$
 = sound pressure level in the receiving room [dB]

$$S = area of the object to be tested$$
 [m²]

A = equivalent sound absorption $[m^2]$ in the receiving room according to:

$$A = \frac{0,16 V}{T} \tag{4.2}$$

in which:

$$V = volume of the receiving room$$
 [m³]

$$T = reverberation time in the receiving room$$
 [s]



4.2 Accuracy

The accuracy of the airborne sound insulation as calculated can be expressed in terms of repeatability (tests within one laboratory) and reproducibility (between various laboratories).

4.2.1 Repeatability

The repeatability describes when: - two tests are performed on identical test material - within a short period of time - by the same person or team - using the same instrumentation under unchanged environmental conditions - the difference between the two test results.

As stated in the ISO 12999-1 standard, the repeatability with regard to the single number value R_w is ± 0.8 dB. See appendix 1 of this report for a further explanation.

4.2.2 Reproducibility

The reproducibility describes when: - two tests are performed on identical test material - in different laboratories - by different person(s) - under different environmental conditions - the difference between the two test results.

As stated in the ISO 12999-1 standard, the reproducibility with regard to the single number value R_w is $\pm 2,4$ dB. See appendix 1 of this report for a further explanation.



4.3 Environmental conditions during the measurements

t4.1 Environmental conditions during the measurements at February 6th, 2023

Measuring room	temperature	relative humidity	barometric pressure
	[°C]	[%]	[kPa]
2	17,3	52	103,8
3	18,0	45	103,8

4.4 Results

The results of the measurements are given in table 4.2 and in the figure of appendix 3. In the table and graphs the values of the insulation found are presented in 1/3 octave bands. From those values the following single-number quantities have been calculated and stated:

the "weighted sound reduction index R_w" and the spectrum adaptation terms C and C_{tr} according to ISO 717-1;

PEUTZ

t4.2 Measurement results **Ventilation grill type 448-225**

	airborne sound	insulation R [dB]
record nr.	#	157
appendix nr.		3.1
frequency [Hz]	1/3 oct.	1/1 oct.
50	8,0	
63	10,5	9,6
80	11,1	
100	5,2	
125	5,1	5,3
160	5,7	
200	3,7	
250	4,6	4,7
315	6,2	
400	6,8	
500	8,7	8,4
630	10,5	
800	14,3	
1000	17,2	16,6
1250	20,1	
1600	22,0	
2000	22,5	21,5
2500	20,4	
3150	18,4	
4000	16,7	16,7
5000	15,4	
R _w (C;C _{tr})	14(0;-3) dB	
R _w	$14,9 \pm 2,4 dB$	
C ₁₀₀₋₅₀₀₀ ;C _{tr,100-5000}	(0;-3) dB	
C ₅₀₋₃₁₅₀ ;C _{tr,50-3150}	(0;-3) dB	
C ₅₀₋₅₀₀₀ ;C _{tr,50-5000}	(0;-3) dB	



The results as presented here are based on a testing area of 1,88 m². In situations where different dimensions and/or method of mounting differ from the ones tested, different results may be found. Me Caller

Mook,

R.T. Allan **Laboratory Supervisor** dr. ir. M.L.S. Vercammen Manager

This report contains 11 pages and 4 appendices.

appendix 1	Standard uncertainty	(1 page)
appendix 2	Plans and Sections	(2 pages)
appendix 3	Measurement results	(1 page)
appendix 4	Construction drawings	(1 page)



Appendix 1 Standard uncertainty

In table I.1 the general standard uncertainties for the single number quantities are given as mentioned in the standard ISO 12999-1:2020, Chapter 7. These values are derived from interlaboratory tests on different type of test specimens, including walls, glazing and windows.

tl.1 Standard Uncertainties (partly taken from table 3 of the EN ISO 12999-1)

Single Number	repeatability	reproducibility
	Standard Uncertainty σ_r [dB]	Standard Uncertainty σ_R [dB]
R _w	0,4	1,2
$R_W + C_{100-3150}$	0,5	1,3
$R_W + C_{100-5000}$	0,5	1,3
$R_W + C_{50-3150}$	0,7	1,3
$R_W + C_{50-5000}$	0,7	1,3
$R_W + C_{tr,100-3150}$	0,7	1,5
$R_W + C_{tr,100-5000}$	0,7	1,5
$R_W + C_{tr,50-3150}$	1,0	1,5
$R_W + C_{tr,50-5000}$	1,0	1,5

For measurements obtained in accordance with the ISO 10140 series, the expanded uncertainty U shall be calculated by:

$$U = ku (1.1)$$

in which:

u = the standard uncertainty see table I.1

k = the coverage factor

A measurement result shall be read as follows:

$$Y = y \pm U \tag{1.2}$$

in which:

Y = the measurand, y the best estimate found by the measurement; and

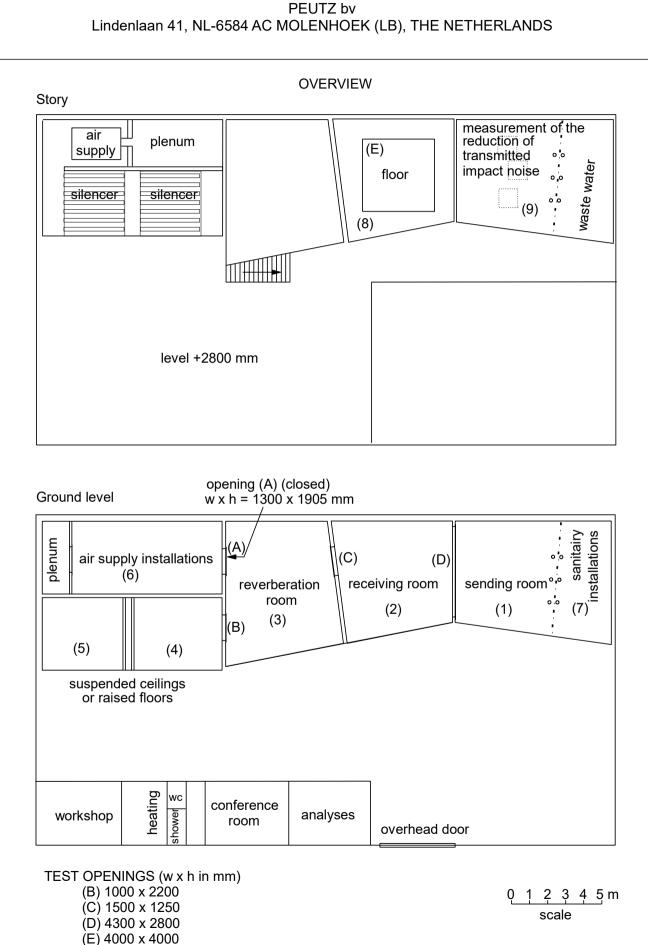
U = the expanded uncertainty calculated for a given confidence level. For a normal distribution of measured values, there is a 95% confidence that the true value lies within the range (y-U) to (y+U). This corresponds to a coverage factor of k=2

EXAMPLE

The airborne sound insulation will be designated as: $R_w = 28.3 \pm 2.4 \, dB$ (k = 2, two sided).



PEUTZ by Lindenlaan 41, NL-6584 AC MOLENHOEK (LB), THE NETHERLANDS





PEUTZ bv Lindenlaan 41, 6584 AC MOLENHOEK (LB), HOLLAND

SOUND INSULATION TEST FACILITIES

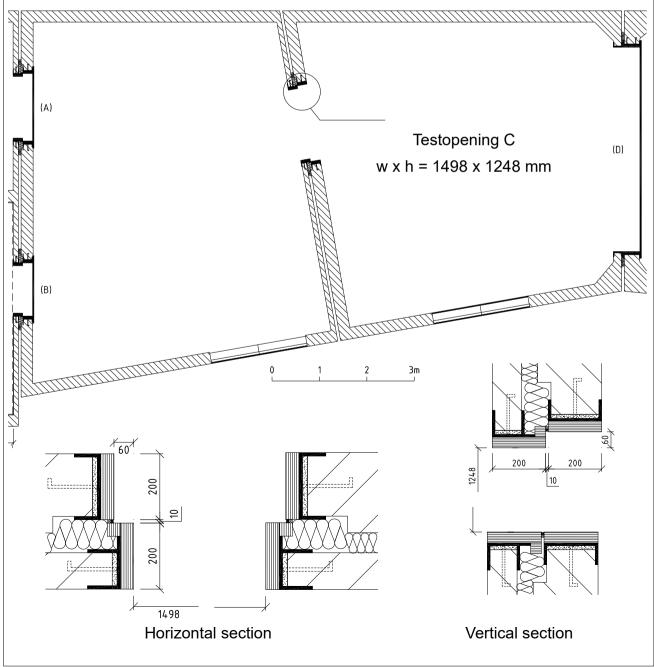
The testrooms meet the requirements of ISO 10140-5 Additional data:

volume of the receiving room: 115 m³ volume of the reverberation room: 214 m³ area of the test specimen: 1.88 m²

Both rooms are isolated for vibrations by using a so called room-in-room construction. Flanking transmission is thus minimised.

closed other testopenings (nominal width x height in mm)

(A): 1300 x 1800 (B): 1000 x 2200 (D): 4300 x 2800





MEASUREMENT OF THE SOUND INSULATION ACCORDING TO ISO 10140-2:2021

principal: Renson Ventilation nv



construction tested:

manufacturer:

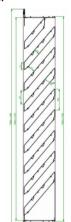
type:

dimensions (width x height x depth):

distance between slats:

minimum opening between slats:

lenght slats: number of slats:



volume measuring room: 214 m³

volume measuring room: 115 m³

surface area tested partition: 1,88 m²

measured at:

Peutz Laboratory for Acoustics

signal: broad-band noise

bandwidth: 1/3 octave

ISO 717-1:2020

$$R_{w}(C;C_{tr}) = 14(0;-3) dB$$

$$C_{100-5000}$$
; $C_{tr,100-5000} = (0; -3) dB$

$$C_{50-3150}$$
; $C_{tr,50-3150} = (0; -3) dB$

$$C_{50-5000}$$
; $C_{tr,50-5000} = (0;-3) dB$



51 mm 1215,4 mm 9

448-250

Renson

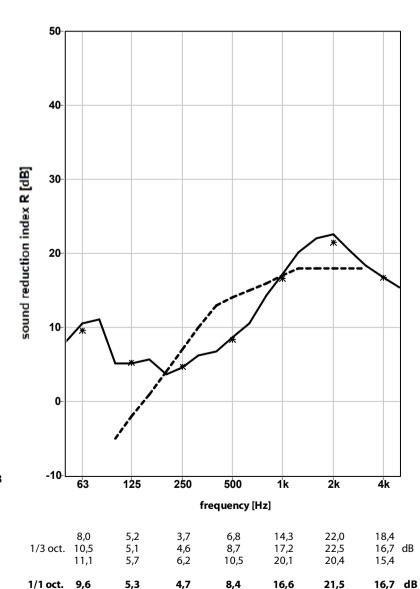
150 mm



- 1/3 oct.

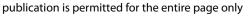
★ 1/1 oct.

-- ref. curve (ISO 717)









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